

HUMBOLDT LAKE MARIN MENDOCINO MONTEREY NAPA SAN BENITO SAN FRANCISCO SAN MATEO SANTA CLARA SANTA CRUZ SOLANO SONOMA YOLO Northwest Information Center Sonoma State University 1400 Valley House Drive, Suite 210 Rohnert Park, California 94928-3609 Tel: 707.588.8455 nwic@sonoma.edu https://nwic.sonoma.edu

September 5, 2023 NWIC File No.: 23-0278

San Francisco Mayor's Office of Housing and Community Development 1 South Van Ness Avenue, 5th Floor San Francisco, CA 94103

Re: Record search results for the proposed 1044 Howard Street San Francisco project

To whom it may concern:

Per your request received by our office on 28 August 2023, a records search was conducted for the above referenced project by reviewing pertinent Northwest Information Center (NWIC) base maps that reference cultural resources records and reports, historic-period maps, and literature for San Francisco County. An Area of Potential Effects (APE) map was not provided; in lieu of this, the location map provided depicting the proposed project area will be used to conduct this records search. Please note that use of the term cultural resources includes both archaeological resources and historical buildings and/or structures.

As per information provided to this office, the project proposes a change of use of a vacant 20-story building to be used as a community hall. The scope of work includes alterations to the interior and exterior which include replacement of second story (within existing footprint), a new roof, roof top basketball court, elevator pit and structural upgrades. Any sewer or water improvements will connect to existing system. Maximum depth of excavation ~ 2.5 -6 feet (30-72 inches). The existing mat slab foundation will remain, and new footing system will be utilized if further stability is necessary. Estimated excavation area ~751 square feet, estimated volume of excavation 167 cubic yards.

Review of this information indicates that there have been no cultural resource studies that include field study of the proposed project area. This proposed project area contains no recorded archaeological resources. The State Office of Historic Preservation Built Environment Resources Directory (OHP BERD), which includes listings of the California Register of Historical Resources, California State Historical Landmarks, California State Points of Historical Interest, and the National Register of Historic Places, lists no recorded buildings or structures within or adjacent to the proposed project area. In addition to these inventories, the NWIC base maps show no recorded buildings or structures within the proposed project area.

At the time of Euroamerican contact, the Native Americans that lived in the area were speakers of a Ramaytush language, part of the Ohlone (Costanoan) language family (Levy 1978:485). While there are no specific Native American resources in or adjacent to the proposed project area referenced in the ethnographic literature, the general area is described as being heavily utilized (Levy 1978, Milliken 1995, Nelson 1909).

Based on an evaluation of the environmental setting and features associated with known sites, Native American resources in this part of San Francisco County have been found near sources of water, including intermittent and perennial watercourses and bay wetlands, and near areas populated by oak, buckeye, manzanita, and pine, as well as near a variety of plant and animal resources. The proposed project area is located in areas of marsh land and bay mud on a broad flat plain marginal to the historic bay shore margins of Mission Bay. Given these environmental factors, there is a moderate potential for unrecorded Native American resources to be within the proposed project area.

Review of historical literature and maps indicated historic-period activity within the proposed project area. The 1895, 1899, and 1915 San Francisco USGS 15-minute topographic quadrangle depicts building(s) within the project area. With this in mind, there is a moderate potential for unrecorded historic-period archaeological resources to be within the proposed project area.

The 1915 USGS 15-minute topographic quadrangle depicts buildings or structures within the proposed project area. If present, these unrecorded buildings or structures meet the Office of Historic Preservation's minimum age standard that buildings, structures, and objects 45 years or older may be of historical value.

# **RECOMMENDATIONS:**

- 1) Although the proposed project area is located in an area of generalized archaeological sensitivity, as per the project description, the previous extent of disturbance exceeds the proposed project work. Therefore, no further study for archaeological resources is recommended at this time. If archaeological resources are encountered during construction, work should be temporarily halted in the vicinity of the discovered materials and workers should avoid altering the materials and their context until a qualified professional archaeologist has evaluated the situation and provided appropriate recommendations.
- 2) No recorded resources on file are located in proposed project area. If, in a later process, buildings or structures are identified that meet the minimum age requirement, we recommend that the agency responsible for Section 106 compliance consult with the Office of Historic Preservation regarding potential impacts to these buildings or structures:

Project Review and Compliance Unit Office of Historic Preservation 1725 23rd Street, Suite 100 Sacramento, CA 95816 (916) 445-7000

- 3) Review for possible historic-period buildings or structures has included only those sources listed in the attached bibliography and should not be considered comprehensive.
- 4) We recommend the lead agency contact the local Native American tribes regarding traditional, cultural, and religious heritage values. For a complete listing of tribes in the vicinity of the project, please contact the Native American Heritage Commission at (916)373-3710.

- 5) If archaeological resources are encountered <u>during construction</u>, work should be temporarily halted in the vicinity of the discovered materials and workers should avoid altering the materials and their context until a qualified professional archaeologist has evaluated the situation and provided appropriate recommendations. <u>Project personnel should not collect cultural resources</u>. Native American resources include chert or obsidian flakes, projectile points, mortars, and pestles; and dark friable soil containing shell and bone dietary debris, heat-affected rock, or human burials. Historic-period resources include stone or adobe foundations or walls; structures and remains with square nails; and refuse deposits or bottle dumps, often located in old wells or privies.
- 6) It is recommended that any identified cultural resources be recorded on DPR 523 historic resource recordation forms, available online from the Office of Historic Preservation's website: <a href="https://ohp.parks.ca.gov/?page\_id=28351">https://ohp.parks.ca.gov/?page\_id=28351</a>

Due to processing delays and other factors, not all of the historical resource reports and resource records that have been submitted to the Office of Historic Preservation are available via this records search. Additional information may be available through the federal, state, and local agencies that produced or paid for historical resource management work in the search area. Additionally, Native American tribes have historical resource information not in the California Historical Resources Information System (CHRIS) Inventory, and you should contact the California Native American Heritage Commission for information on local/regional tribal contacts.

The California Office of Historic Preservation (OHP) contracts with the California Historical Resources Information System's (CHRIS) regional Information Centers (ICs) to maintain information in the CHRIS inventory and make it available to local, state, and federal agencies, cultural resource professionals, Native American tribes, researchers, and the public. Recommendations made by IC coordinators or their staff regarding the interpretation and application of this information are advisory only. Such recommendations do not necessarily represent the evaluation or opinion of the State Historic Preservation Officer in carrying out the OHP's regulatory authority under federal and state law.

Thank you for using our services. Please contact this office if you have any questions, (707) 588-8455.

Siricerely,

Bryan Much Coordinator

#### LITERATURE REVIEWED

In addition to archaeological maps and site records on file at the Northwest Information Center of the Historical Resources Information System, the following literature was reviewed:

# Bowman, J.N.

- 1951 Adobe Houses in the San Francisco Bay Region. In Geologic Guidebook of the San Francisco Bay Counties, Bulletin 154. California Division of Mines, Ferry Building, San Francisco, CA.
- City and County of San Francisco, Department of City Planning
  - 1992 The Preservation Element of the Master Plan: Proposal for Citizen Review. City and County of San Francisco, Department of City Planning, San Francisco, CA.
- Gebhard, David, Roger Montgomery, Robert Winter, John Woodbridge, and Sally Woodbridge 1973 A Guide to Architecture in San Francisco and Northern California. Peregrine Smith, Inc., Santa Barbara, CA.

## Heizer, Robert F., editor

- 1974 Local History Studies, Vol. 18., "The Costanoan Indians." California History Center, DeAnza College, Cupertino, CA.
- Helley, E.J., K.R. Lajoie, W.E. Spangle, and M.L. Blair
  - 1979 Flatland Deposits of the San Francisco Bay Region Their Geology and Engineering Properties, and Their Importance to Comprehensive Planning. Geological Survey Professional Paper 943. United States Geological Survey and Department of Housing and Urban Development.
- Hoover, Mildred Brooke, Hero Eugene Rensch, and Ethel Rensch, revised by William N. Abeloe 1966 *Historic Spots in California*. Third Edition. Stanford University Press, Stanford, CA.
- Hoover, Mildred Brooke, Hero Eugene Rensch, and Ethel Rensch, William N. Abeloe, revised by Douglas E. Kyle
  - 1990 Historic Spots in California. Fourth Edition. Stanford University Press, Stanford, CA.

#### Kroeber, A.L.

1925 Handbook of the Indians of California. Bureau of American Ethnology, Bulletin 78, Smithsonian Institution, Washington, D.C. (Reprint by Dover Publications, Inc., New York, 1976).

# Levy, Richard

1978 Costanoan. In *California*, edited by Robert F. Heizer, pp. 485-495. Handbook of North American Indians, vol. 8, William C. Sturtevant, general editor. Smithsonian Institution, Washington, D.C.

#### Milliken, Randall

1995 A Time of Little Choice: The Disintegration of Tribal Culture in the San Francisco Bay Area 1769-1810. Ballena Press Anthropological Papers No. 43, Menlo Park.

# Myers, William A. (editor)

1977 Historic Civil Engineering Landmarks of San Francisco and Northern California.
Prepared by The History and Heritage Committee, San Francisco Section, American Society of Civil Engineers. Pacific Gas and Electric Company, San Francisco.

## Nelson, N.C.

1909 Shellmounds of the San Francisco Bay Region. University of California Publications in American Archaeology and Ethnology 7(4):309-356. Berkeley. (Reprint by Kraus Reprint Corporation, New York, 1964).

# Nichols, Donald R., and Nancy A. Wright

1971 Preliminary Map of Historic Margins of Marshland, San Francisco Bay, California. U.S. Geological Survey Open File Map. U.S. Department of the Interior, Geological Survey in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, Washington, D.C.

# Olmsted, Nancy

1986 Vanished Waters, A History of San Francisco's Mission Bay. Mission Creek Conservancy, San Francisco, CA.

# State of California Department of Parks and Recreation

1976 California Inventory of Historic Resources. State of California Department of Parks and Recreation, Sacramento.

State of California Department of Parks and Recreation and Office of Historic Preservation
1988 Five Views: An Ethnic Sites Survey for California. State of California Department of Parks and Recreation and Office of Historic Preservation, Sacramento.

### State of California Office of Historic Preservation \*\*

2022 Built Environment Resources Directory. Listing by City (through September 23, 2022). State of California Office of Historic Preservation, Sacramento.

# Woodbridge, Sally B.

1988 California Architecture: Historic American Buildings Survey. Chronicle Books, San Francisco, CA.

# Works Progress Administration

1984 *The WPA Guide to California*. Reprint by Pantheon Books, New York. (Originally published as California: A Guide to the Golden State in 1939 by Books, Inc., distributed by Hastings House Publishers, New York).

\*\*Note that the Office of Historic Preservation's *Historic Properties Directory* includes National Register, State Registered Landmarks, California Points of Historical Interest, and the California Register of Historical Resources as well as Certified Local Government surveys that have undergone Section 106 review.