BLS – FAQ Link DRAFT Position of comfort **VERSION** Reassurance and redirection, Ice or heat as indicated Splinting, and on-going support of heat Oxygen as indicated **ALS Normal Saline** IV/IO of Normal Saline TKO. Manage pain. Manage N/V Nausea/Vomiting? as needed Severity Ondansetron < 6 months: Contraindicated. Pain score 1-6) Pain score > 6 ≥ 8kg and < 15kg: 2mg ODT Ibuprofen **Fentanyl** ≥ 15kg: 4 mg ODT 10 mg/kg up to IV/IO 1 mcg/kg dose up to 50 mcg slow IV push (over 1 minute). 600 mg PO x 1 dose -or-May repeat every 10 minutes. Subsequent dose of 0.5 mcg/kg not to If no contraindications. exceed 25 mcg. Maximum dose 100 mcg total of 4 doses. 6 months - 12 years OR < 40 --or--0.1 mg/kg slow IVP/IO up to 4 mg (IV over 2-5 min). IN/IM 2 mcg/kg dose IN, or IM (IN preferred) up to 50 mcg. > 12 years or > 40KG: May repeat every 10 minutes. Subsequent dose of 0.5 mcg/kg not to 4 mg slow IVP/IO (IV over 2-5 exceed 25 mcg. Maximum dose 100 mcg total. min). May repeat in 20 minutes up to 12 mg. OR **Ketamine** IV/IN (3 years and up) 0.25 mg/kg in 100mL of NS/D5W slow infusion over 10 minutes --or--0.5 mg/kg IN. Do not co-administer Fentanyl and Ketamine. **Base Hospital Contact Criteria** Base Hospital Physician consult is required for patients whose parents are requesting an AMA after receiving Fentanyl or Ketamine or patients requiring additional doses after maximum outlined in protocol.

Notes

If administering 2 or more doses of Fentanyl or Ketamine, patient shall be placed on continuous EtCO2. 2 or more readings, 10% or more above baseline indicates the need for reassessment of patients respiratory status and ventilatory support should be provided to

return EtCO2 to baseline.

ODT Ondansetron preferred for children if appropriate.

8.12 PEDIATRIC PAIN CONTROL - PUBLIC COMMENT JULY 2024

Effective: xxxxxx Supersedes: 10/29/18

8.12 PEDIATRIC PAIN CONTROL PUBLIC COMMENT JULY 2024

BLS Treatment

- Position of comfort.
- NPO
- Reassurance and redirection.
- Ice or heat as indicated.
- Splinting, and ongoing support of heat
- Oxygen as indicated.

ALS Treatment

- IV/IO with Normal Saline TKO as indicated.
- If pain score 1-6 by Pediatric Pain Rating Scale, give a single dose of PO **Ibuprofen** 10mg/kg up to 600 mg (if no contraindications).
- If pain score is greater than 6, give IN/IV/IO/IM **Fentanyl** 1 mcg/kg dose IV/IO up to 50 mcg slow IV push (over 1 minute). May repeat every 10 minutes. Subsequent dose of 0.5 mcg/kg not to exceed 25 mcg. Maximum-dose 100 mcg total of 4 doses.
- If no IV/IO, 2 mcg/kg dose IN, or IM (IN preferred) up to 50 mcg. May repeat every 10 minutes. Subsequent dose of 0.5 mcg/kg not to exceed 25 mcg. Maximum dose 100 mcg total.

OR

- IV/IN Ketamine (3 years and up) moderate to severe pain where Ibuprofen is insufficient for pain control. 0.25 mg/kg in 100 mL of NS/D5W slow infusion over 10 minutes OR 0.5 mg/kg IN. Do not co-administer Fentanyl and Ketamine.
- Ondansetron as needed.
 - < 6 months: Contraindicated.
 - ≥ 8kg and < 15 kg: 2mg ODT. ≥ 15kg: 4 mg ODT

<u>Or</u>

6 months - 12 years OR < 40 kg: 0.1 mg/kg slow IVP/IO up to 4 mg (IV over 2-5 min). > 12 years OR > 40 kg: 4mg slow IVP/IO (IV over 2-5 min). May repeat in 20 minutes up to 12 mg.

Document pain score and vital signs before and after medication administration on PCR.

Base Hospital Contact Criteria

 Base Hospital Physician consult is required for patients whose parents are requesting an AMA after receiving Fentanyl or Ketamine or patients requiring additional doses after maximum outlined in protocol.

Notes

8.12 PEDIATRIC PAIN CONTROL PUBLIC COMMENT JULY 2024

- Fentanyl, Ketamine, and/or Midazolam may act synergistically to cause respiratory depression and should not be combined unless seizures or other indications for Midazolam use is present. Contact Base Hospital MD for consultation if needed for this combined use.
- If utilizing 2 or more doses of **Fentanyl, Ketamine**, and/or **Midazolam**, patient shall be placed on continuous end tidal CO2 monitoring. A trend of increasing EtCO2 readings (2 or more readings, 10% or more, above baseline) indicates the need for immediate re-assessment of patient's respiratory status to include rate and depth of respirations. Ventilatory support should be provided as necessary to return EtCO2 to baseline.
- All injectable pain medications shall be cross-checked with a Paramedic (secondarily an EMT) for correct medication and dose at time of administration unless transporting in the back of an ambulance without a second attendant.
- ODT Ondansetron preferred for children if appropriate.

